

Classe Italiano – settimana due

The verb “to be” using present tense verb conjugation

How to know when to use each form of the verb “to be”:

Essere – a state of being

Stare – to be, to remain

I am

You (sing) are

He, she, it is

We are

You (pl) are

They are

Examples:

General rule: You don't always have to use the pronoun, the conjugation is sufficient to convey meaning.

Avere - the verb “to have”

I have

You (sing) have

He, she, it has

We have

You (pl) have

They have

Examples:

♯ ♯ The gender of nouns:

General Rule:

The feminine nouns generally end in:

The masculine nouns generally end in:

Exceptions:

Some nouns ending in *e* (masculine):

Some nouns ending in *e* (feminine):

Some nouns ending in *i* (masculine):

Some nouns ending in *i* (feminine):

Write out a few questions to ask your classmates using the new verb conjugations and your prior list of vocabulary: