THE BLACK DEATH

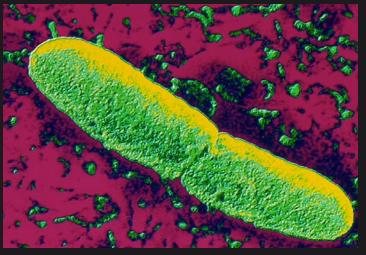
Stephanie Campbell



Disease and History





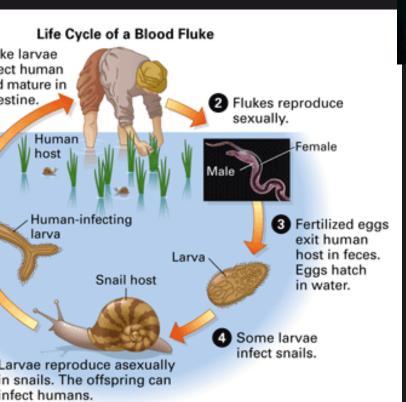


$\overline{Prehistoric} \ Diseases$





Bronze Age Diseases







Diseases in Classical Greece

of gods or law of men there was restrain them. As for the first, they it to be just the same whether they sped them or not, as they saw all rishing. As for the latter, no one ed to live to be brought to trial for his s." - Thucydides on the Plague of

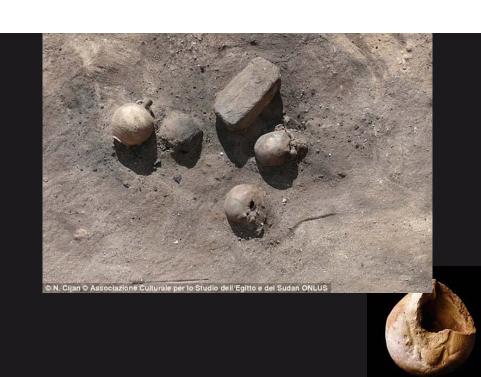




Roman Plagues

Weep not for me; think rather f the pestilence and the deaths f so many others."—Emperor Marcus Aurelius as he lay dying rom the Antonine Plague







Plague Strikes Byzantium

estilence swept through the whole world and notably the Roman Empire, out most of the farming community and city leaving a trail of desolation in its istinian showed no mercy towards the reeholders. Even then, he did not rom demanding the annual tax, not amount at which he assessed each cal, but also the amount for which his l neighbors were liable." - Procopius on n's response to the Plague





AnEnvironment Ripe for Plague? Sanitation and Personal Hygiene in MedievalEurope



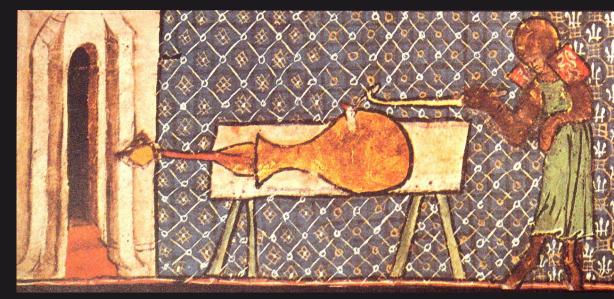




A Population "Plagued" by War

tly passed through your kingdom on an sion, I could scarcely recognize it as the had previously visited. Everywhere were astation, grief, and desolation, everywhere ncultivated fields, everywhere ruined and omes except for those spared by being walls of a fortress or a city, in short, e remained the sad vestiges of the Angli and loathsome scars of defeat." - Petrarch to a end





The Great Famine

earth on earth, and made it full hard.

wheat was at four shillings or more,
en might have had a quarter before....

ney turned pale who had laughed so loud,
ecame all docile who before were so proud.
art might bleed for to hear the cry
on who called out, "Alas! For hunger I die...!"
the Evil Time of Edward II, c. 1327

saw that the world was so over proud,





